



The NATO Armaments Ballistic Kernel

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Questions Addressed

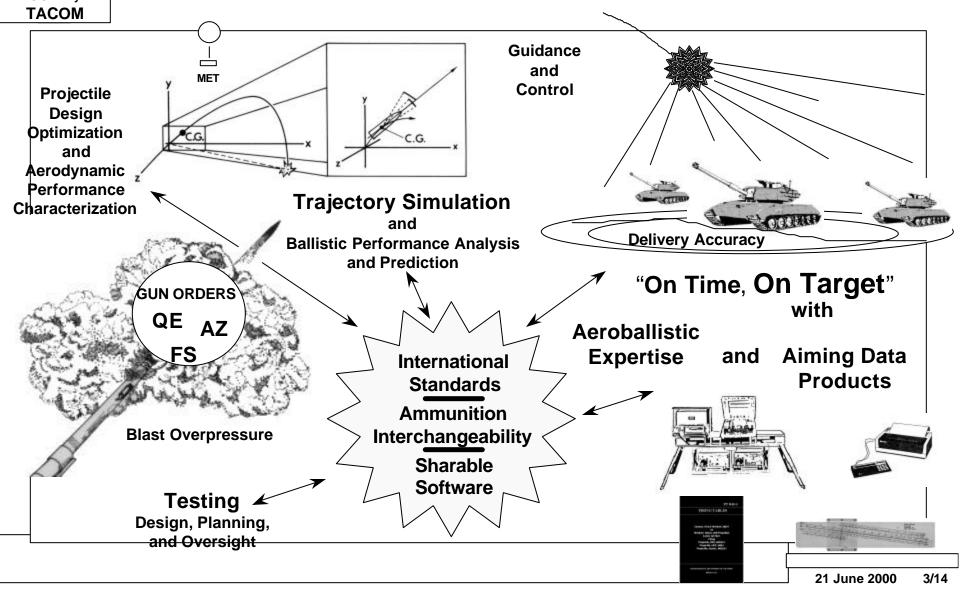
- What is the NATO Armaments Ballistic Kernel (NABK)?
- Who are the developers?
- Why develop a Ballistic Kernel?
- How is the product being developed?
- What is the program status?
- What controls are on the information?



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Fire Control Ballistics Domain

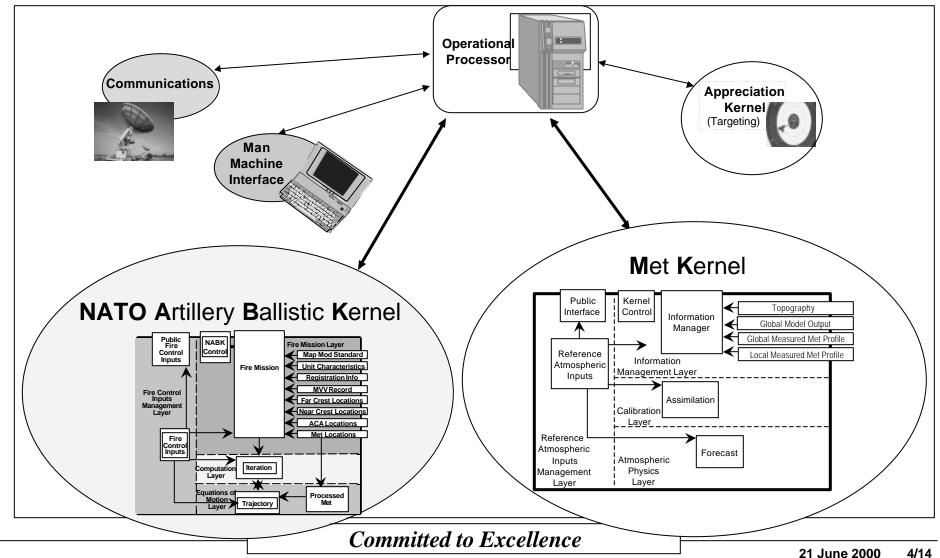






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Sharable Fire Control Software Kernels





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Supporting Standardization Agreements

U.S. Army **TACOM Ballistic Testing** Internal Ballistics **External Ballistics** 4115 4400 4355 4114 4367 MPMM 4144 AEP-34 **IBM** 4568 4106 4113 AEP-23 4225 Meteorology 4110 Interchangeability **Met Data** 4082 4140 4061 4103 4131 **AEP-35** Muzzle Velocity 4425 AOP-29 4500 4061 : Standard Ballistic Met Message 4140 : Target Acquisition Met Message 4082 : Standard Artillery Computer Met Msg 4144 : Dynamic Firing Techniques 4097 : Charge Adjustment for Velocity 4224 : Safety Testings f/Arty & Naval Guns 4098 : Propellant Charge Temperature Corrections **NABK** 4225 : Safety Evaluation for Mortar Bombs 4103 : Requests for Ballistic Met Msg 4355 : Modified Point Mass Model 4537 4106: External Ballistic Performance 4367 : Thermodynamic Ballistic Model 4110 : Design & Proof Pressure Terms 4400 : Thermochemical Value Derivation AOP-37 FΤ 4113 : Crusher Gauge Measurements 4425 : Ammunition Interchangeability 4119 4114: Projectile Velocity Measurement 4500 : MV Measurement 4115 : Propellant Ballistic Properties 4534 : Ammo Interchangeability Tech Data 4119 : Standard Firing Table Format 4537 : NATO Artillery Ballistic Kernel 4131 : Character by Character Met Msg Format 4568 : Prop Cha Lot Performance Levels Committed to Excellence 21 June 2000 5/14





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Developers

- International development effort under the auspices of the NATO Army Armaments Group AC/225 Land Group 4, Sub-Group 2 on Ballistics
- Current countries involved
 - Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States
- Procedures being proposed to include participation by Partners for Peace through NATO member country sponsorship





Rationale for Program

- To significantly reduce or eliminate duplication of effort by standardizing the implementation of NATO ballistic technology
- To avoid significant expenditure of time and money in future development and updates of ballistic fire control software
- To ensure accuracy and reliability
- To establish a common method to facilitate the use of NATO ammunition interchangeability
- To enable the horizontal integration of a digital component across all weapon systems





Development Process

- Program guidance (STANAG 4537) established
- Software development plan established and maintained
- Key areas managed:
 - ❖ Requirements, Technology, Database Development, Software Development, Configuration Management, Quality Assurance, Policy
 - ❖ Peer review integral to each area
- Program documentation (AOP-37 and feeder documents) established and maintained
- Overall program review held every 4 months early on and now every 6 months; appropriate persons in each key area communicate and meet as required





Key Design Goals

- Plan, design, and engineer the code for reuse
- Develop the software in the Ada95 programming language
- Allow Fire Control Inputs data to be updated without modifying source code
- Accommodate each country's Fire Control Inputs and the implementation of AOP-29
- Make the software configurable without modifying source code
- Check all input for correctness; verify the integrity of the Fire Control Inputs



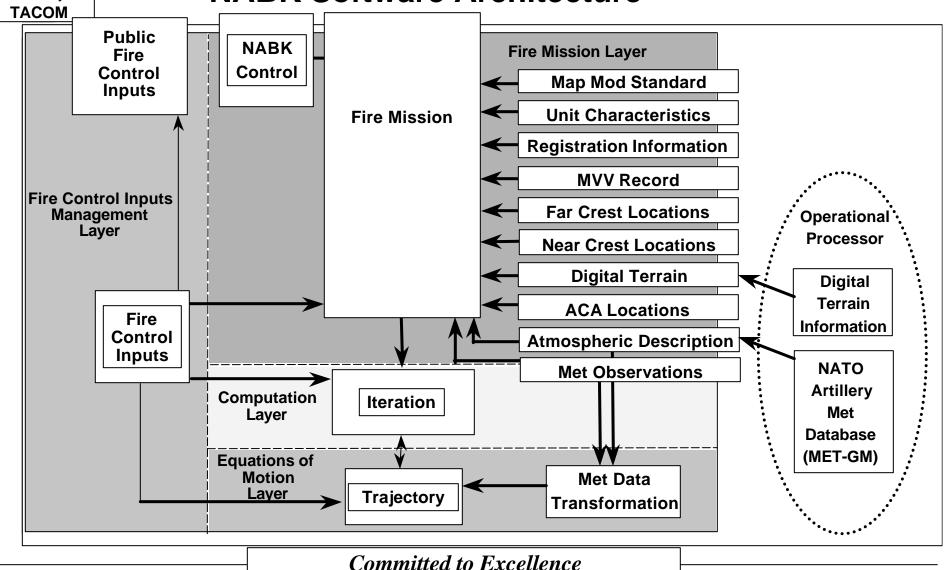
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NABK Software Architecture







Current Status

Software releases:

Version	Release Date	Meets U.S. Requirements for:
1.0	Sep 98	Dragon Fire Demo
1.0+	Dec 98	Paladin V11
1.1	Feb 99	
1.5	Jul 99	Crusader, MK 92
1.6	Sep 99	
1.63	Apr 00	AFATDS-99
2.0	Release scheduled for Sep 00	

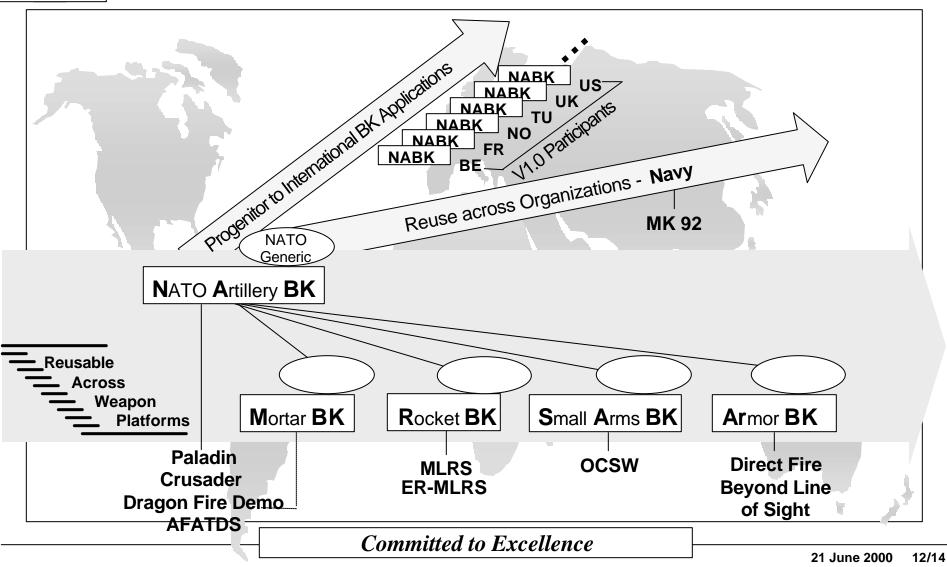
• Implementations are currently being worked by 9 countries





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U.S. Derivative Applications of NABK Software







Controls on Information

- Program guided by STANAG 4537 and documented in the associated AOP-37 and feeder documents
- All NATO member nations can implement the NABK into their national weapon systems
- Appropriate contractors must formally agree and adhere to non-disclosure and non-use criteria
- Only participating NATO member nations can sell a product containing the NABK (executable code)
- Procedures are being proposed to include participation by Partners for Peace through NATO member country sponsorship





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Summary

- The NABK standardizes the implementation of NATO ballistic fire control technology in a reusable and sharable product
- Reliability is ensured through extensive code review and product use
- The NABK provides for horizontal integration across all weapon systems
- Life cycle maintainability and cost avoidance are being realized